

MIGRATIONS IN MOTION

As climate change alters habitats and disrupts ecosystems, where will animals move to survive? And will human development prevent them from getting there?

This map shows the average direction mammals, birds, and amphibians need to move to track hospitable climates as they shift across the landscape.

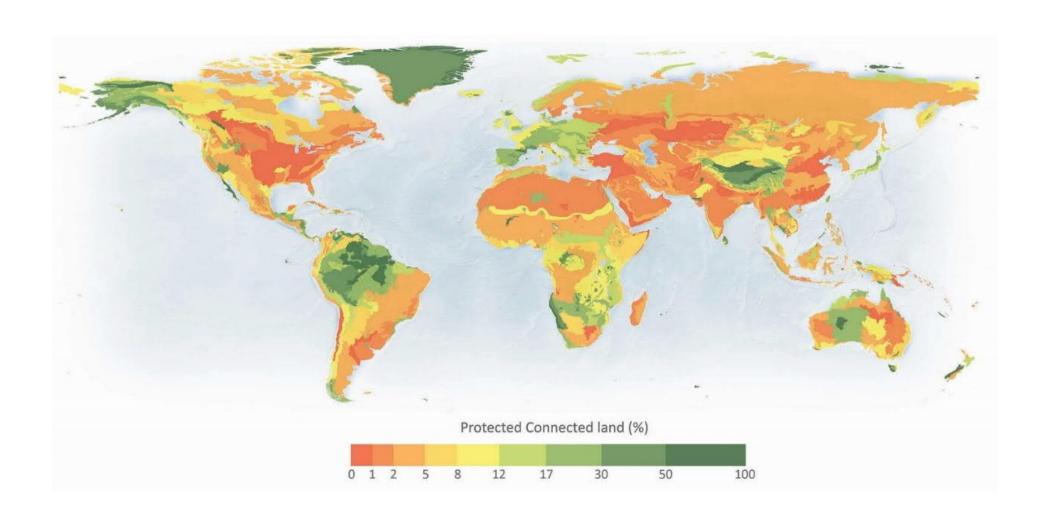


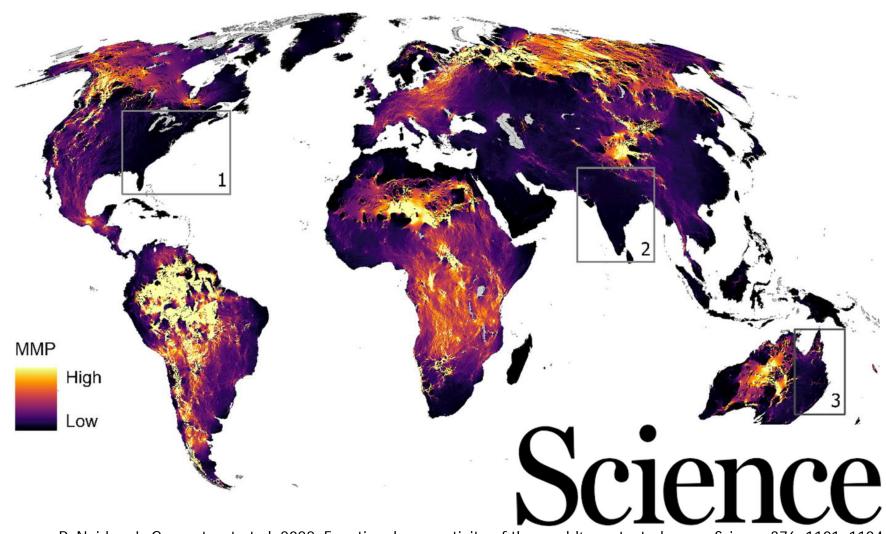
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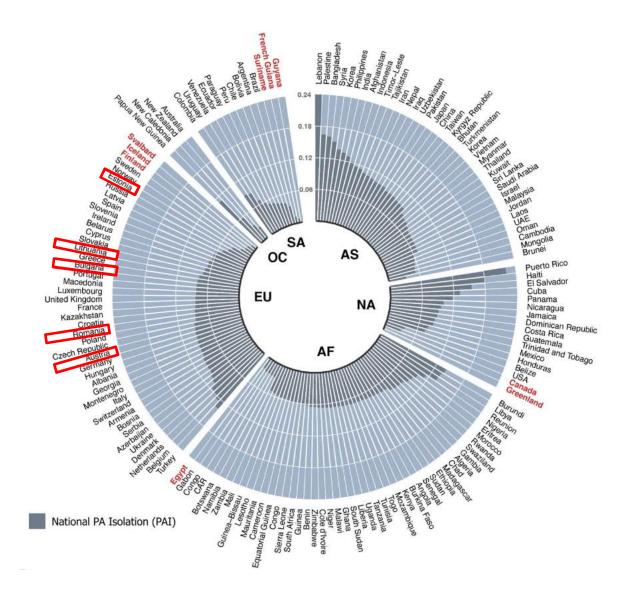
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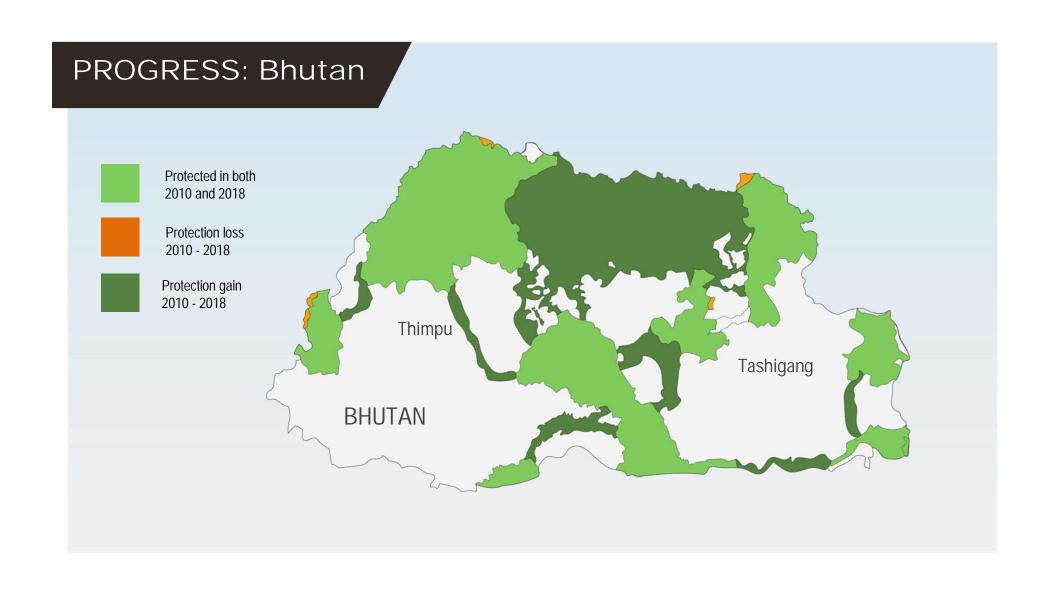


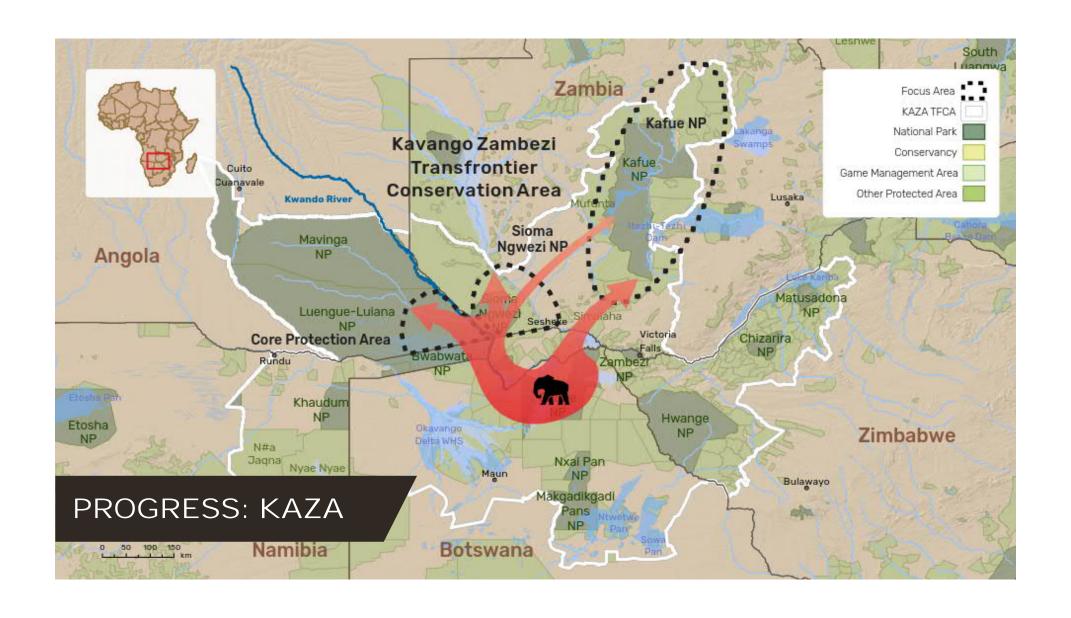


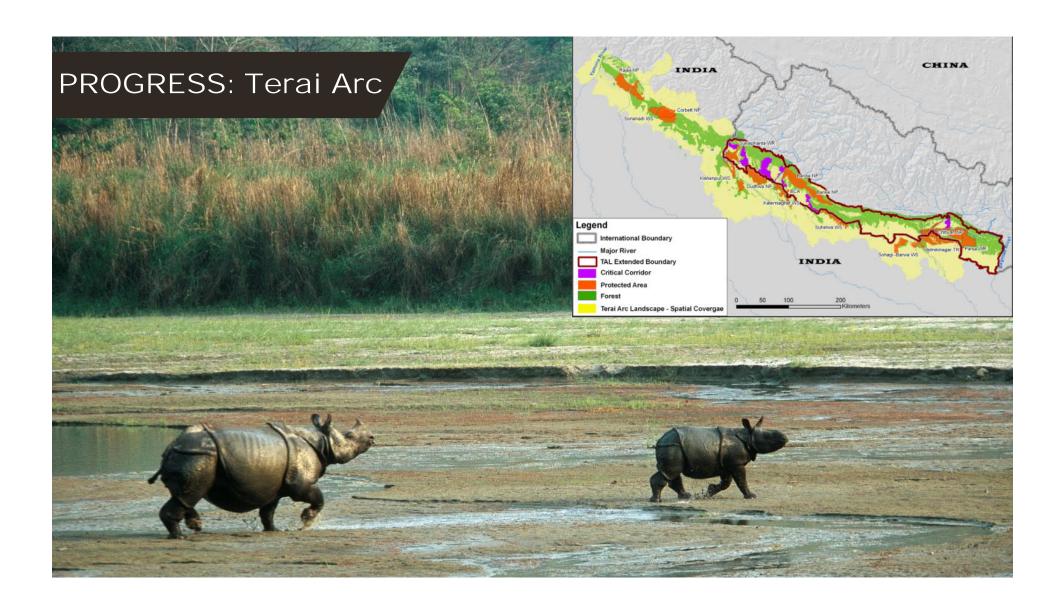


A. Brennan, R. Naidoo, L. Greenstreet et al. 2022. Functional connectivity of the world's protected areas. Science 376, 1101–1104

















MOMENTUM: Policy



Nature knows no borders











MOMENTUM: Private sector

SCIENCE-BASED TARGETS for NATUR

SCIENCE BASED TARGETS NETWORK

"Implement measures to minimize habitat fragmentation, such as biological corridors."



"Businesses should always avoid impacts that would individually or cumulatively, directly or indirectly ... sever crucial ecological connectivity functions in a land/seascape



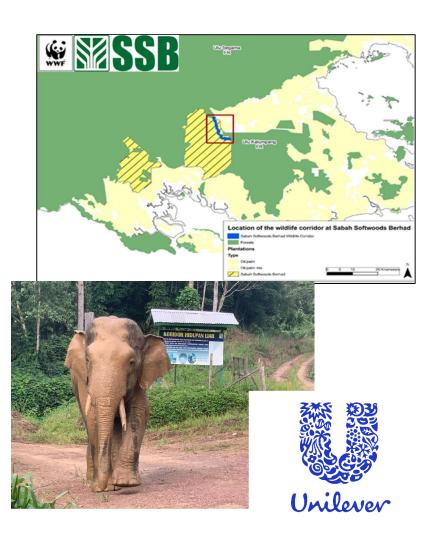




"Project design for maximum ecological connectivity"

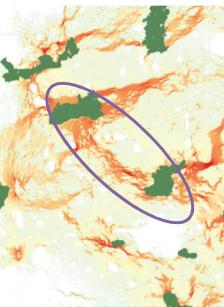
Would require companies to disclose their impacts on "the physical connection between ecosystems (eg green corridors)"



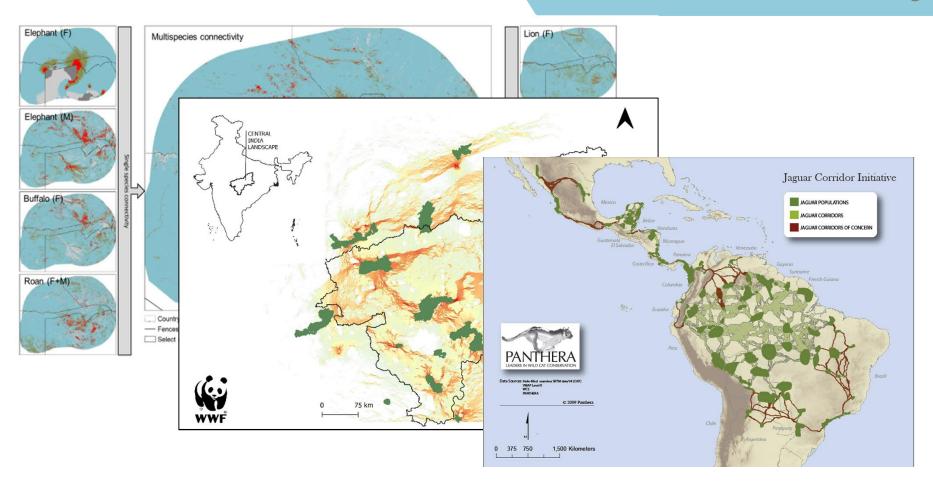








MAPPING Connectivity

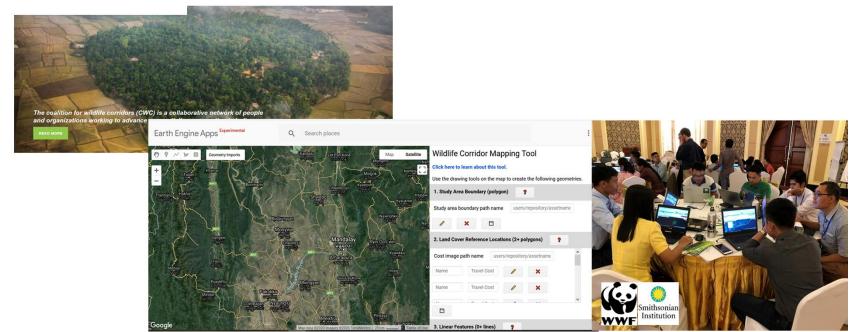


MAPPING Connectivity

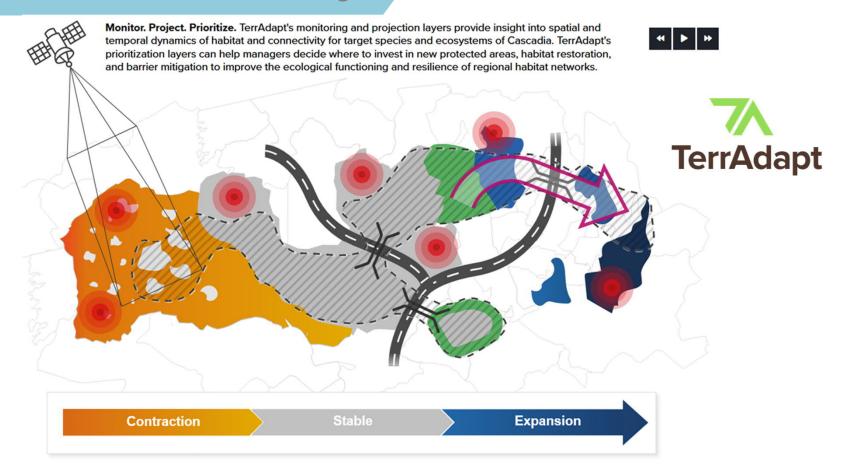
ABOUT US - RESOURCES - INITIATIVES CALL FOR ACTION







MAPPING Connectivity



WILDLIFE CONNECT











PROTECT linkages

MANAGE for wildlife flow

RESTORE what we have lost

THEORY OF CHANGE

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