





Transnational Eco-stakeholders Platforms

- One of the outcomes of the project EcoInn Danube, a project funded by the Interreg, Danube transnational Programme,
- Consists of thee main parts:
 - Local Stakeholder Meetings across Danube region
 - Stakeholder Map
 - Transnational Round table of Stakeholders



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Set up Transnational ecostakeholders platforms composed of:

- 1. Local round tables of stakeholders
- 2. Transnational roundtable
- 3. Stakeholders Map

Build upon findings and develop

Common Transnational Strategy

Action Plan to implement ecoinnovative results



The platforms aimed to build a baseline to:

- Learn how to support cooperation of stakeholders,
- Exchange experience,
- Survey their needs (please see the details in survey),
- Find matches between production sector and R&D institutions.



Local Round Tables organized:

Country	Austria	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Bulgaria	Croatia	Czech R	tepublic	Germany	Hun	gary	Serbia	Slov	akia	Slovenia	Total
Project Partner	Economic a	CCI BL	CCI VRATSKA	REDEA	BIC BRNO	BUT BRNO	BWCON	DJ	SMVKA	RDA BANAT	SCSTI	CUSP	KSSENA	
Date (Year 2017)	29.06 25.09	27.04 06.06	16.05 26.06	26.06 27.06	07.06 21.06	02.06 08.06	19.05 29.11	15.06 22.06	23.05 07.06	06.06 26.06	24.05 31.05	01.06 15.06	19.05 15.06	
No. of participants	14	28	21	30	37	58	75	18	17	44	23	37	47	454



Relevant participant – stakeholders:

Research and development institutions

- research teams, head of centres, institutions
- representatives of universities (head management, researchers, professors)
- national/regional development institutions

Private companies

- SME-s
- start-ups

Public authorities

- local authorities
- representatives of public sector
- decision makers, policy makers

General public, NGO-s

- representatives of business support institutions, incubators
- experts in the field of renewable energy



Topics discussed:

- current national situation in the field of eco-innovation
- identification of problems/obstacles, opportunities
- cooperation among the actors
- legislation and finance
- the role of municipalities, public sector
- sharing of best practices
- suggested solutions, ideas
- virtual lab to support the cooperation of different sides of Quadruple Helix



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Common Obstacles/problems in the DR identified by stakeholders:

 Cooperation weak links among the existing systems and clusters low level of cooperation between research and practice local authorities, municipalities are not enough involved into ecology projects 	 Communication, promotion general public has low level of knowledge about eco-innovation lack of communication of best practices, projects
 Education, assistance lack of ecology education (in schools, and in third education as well) inexperienced entrepreneurs (management, legal, economy skills) 	 Finance limited financial resources, and inefficient use of resources existing resources are uncoordinated
<u>Specific problem in the Eastern countries</u> • brain-drain	 Legislation complicated and changeable legislation tax regulations low integrated legislation within Europe



Recommendations and Conclusions:

Cooperation

- sharing good examples, practices, initiatives
- encourage cooperation and networking among the actors
- involvement of public authorities, municipalities

Legislation

- reduction of fiscal obligations, and restructure tax categories
- harmonisation of legal framework, and energy policies
- simplified energy audit, certificates, permits
- priority for the eco-innovative projects



Finance

- elaborate national financing tools, and coordination of funds
- tax discounts
- preferential credits
- funding gap between prototype and marketability, innovators need better access to venture capital

Education, assistance

- business support system for innovators
- improve entrepreneurs' competences
- ecology education in schools, and education of experts and teachers
- Reduction of bureaucratic hurdles which represents a major obstacles for eco-innovation implementation should be alleviated.



Awareness raising, promotion

- examples of start-ups
- promotion of eco-innovation results, projects
- awareness raising events innovation days, exhibitions, competitions
- · 'demo objects'

Socio-scientific transition

- Need for adequate socio-scientific process. A socially accepted energy transition.
- breakthrough of energy self-sufficient quarters, the sharing of electricity in peer-to-peer processes and block chain will firstly be possible and succeed in tenant stream projects. Only with decentralized supply concepts this change in the energy market will gain momentum.

Details on local obstacles and recommendations are available in local reports available here.





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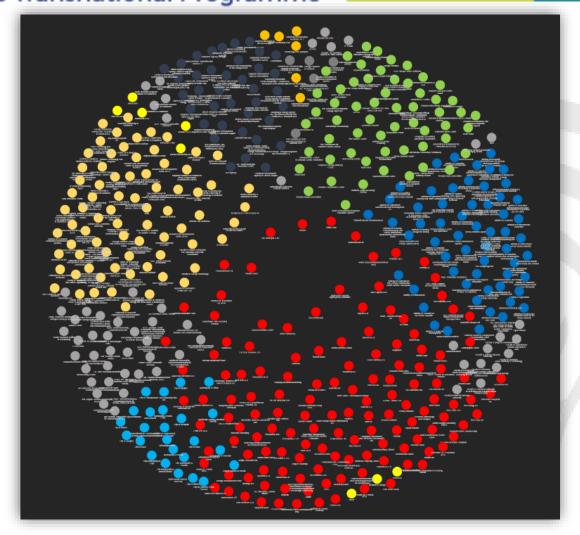
Interactive stakeholders map:

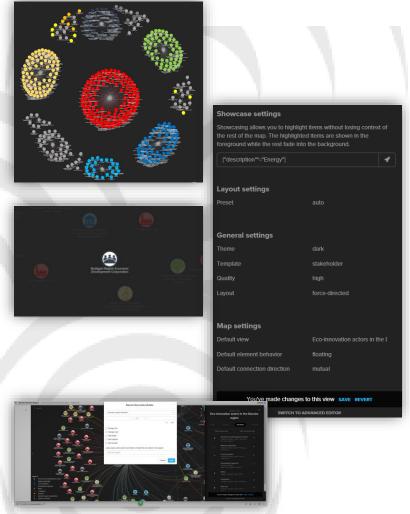
http://ecoinnovative.eu/contact-map/

The stakeholders database consists of:

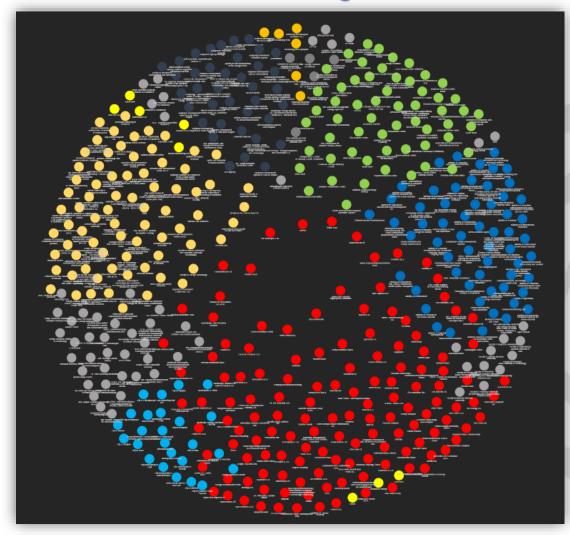
- relevant to Eco-innovation
- broad scope of organizations
- visual interactive representation of each organization and its interdependence

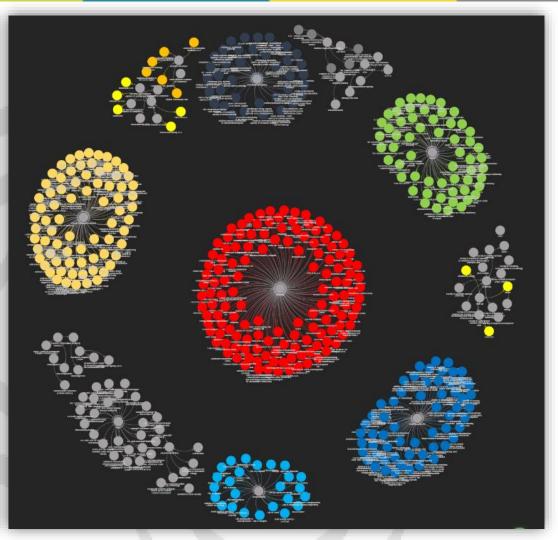






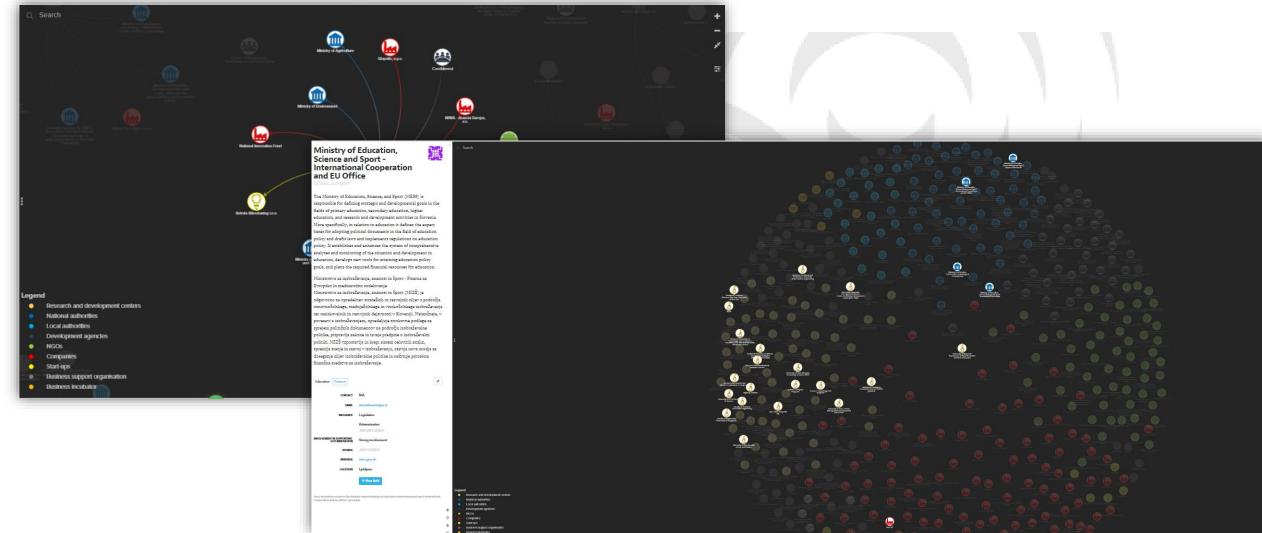








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Transnational Round Table of Stakeholders

- January 23rd, 2018, Energy Agency of Savinjska, Šaleška and Koroška Region
- Participants discussed actual needs and requirements of the Danube region for innovations focused specifically on areas of sustainable energy, environmental protection and the circular economy.
- The event featured national and foreign experts participating in two panel sessions, best practice examples of Slovenian companies and start-ups as well as attendance of experts in relevant fields such as investment, energetics and intellectual property.





Transnational Round Table of Stakeholders

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Recommendations and Conclusions:

- Awareness for sustainability and eco-innovations in Europe is at a good level compared to previous decades.
- Science, research and development (including STEM fields in general) should be more intensely supported by the national governments
- Bringing about social cohesion of a sustainable society will require substantial investment in people and the supporting structures for innovation
- Great share of patents are worthless in terms that they're not properly designed to protect against intellectual
- property theft minimal changes in the patent can invalidate property rights.
- Innovators must choose either to start a patenting process or to use that time more effectively and launch and promote a product/service as soon as possible.
- Uptake of eco-innovations will be supported by the further adaptation and enforcement of environmental legislation
- Only some larger, more successful companies have internal reward systems in place, including for ecoinnovations
- Many companies still don't consider the area of eco-innovation as great investment value/potential for boosting competitiveness over the long-term.
- Insufficient level of knowledge transfer from academia and R&D to companies is a big issue.
- Research and development frequently not linked to any marketable product or service.
- Educational programs are in the majority not using new advancement in technology supported learning, programs are focused on regurgitation instead of problem solving and critical thought.
- Poor level of communication between industry requirements and output of educational systems.
- Huge imbalance of requirements of economies (national businesses) and what secondary and tertiary education produce, from a perspective of human resources
- Cross-border mobility of people is a challenge for less developed countries (brain drain)





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